مَنُ يُودِ اللَّهُ بِهِ خَيْرًا يُفَقِّهُهُ فِي الدِّين (الحديث)



Syllabus of M.A. Islamiyat

University of Chitral

(For Private Candidates)

Syllabus of MA Islamiyat

MA (Previous):

Paper I	Al-Qur'ān (Translation of the 1 st Half/Commentary and Principles of Tafsīr)	100
Paper II	Hadīth and Principles of Hadīth	100
Paper III	Al-Fiqh al-Islāmī (Islamic Jurisprudence)	100
Paper IV	Sīrat al-Nabi (ṣallallāhu 'alayhi wa sallam) and History of Islam	100
Paper V	Arabic Language and Applied Grammar	100

MA (Final):

Paper VI	Al-Qur'ān (Translation of the 2nd Half and Tafsīr of Sūrah al-Nūr and Sūrah al-Aḥzāb			
Paper VII	Uṣūl al-Fiqh (Principles of the Islamic Jurisprudence)			
Paper VIII	Islam and other World Religions			
Paper IX	Kalām and Philosophy of Islam Or Contemporary Muslim World			
Paper X	Islam: Modern Economic Thought and the Law of Inheritance			
Paper XI	(i) Research Methods in Islamic Studies (for			
	Regular Students)			
	(ii) Viva-Voce (for Private Candidates)			

MA Islamiyat (Previous)

Paper-I

Al-Qur'ān (Translation of the 1st Half/Commentary and Principles of Tafsīr)

100 Marks

- 1. Translation of the Holy Qur'ān: 1st half (sūrah al-Kahf included).
- 2. Translation with applied grammar of sūrah al Baqarah *āyah* 1 to 141 with the help of *Tafsīr Jalālayn*.
- 3. Uṣūl al-Tafsīr (Principles of Tafsīr): al-'Ulūm al-Khamsah, Jam' wa Tadwīn al-Qur'ān, Nuzūl al-Qur'ān, Asbāb al-Nuzūl, al-Naskh fī al-Qur'ān, Uslūb al-Qur'ān, I'jāz al-Qur'ān, Aqsām al-Qur'ān, Gharīb al-Qur'ān, Hurūf al-Muqațța'āt, Tafsīr, Ta'wīl, Shurūț al-Mufassir, Țabaqāt al-Mufassirīn.

Text Books:

- 1. Al-Suyūți, Jalāluddīn and al-Muḥalli Jalāluddīn,(2001) *Tafsīr Jalālayn* (relevant portions) Cairo: Dar-ul-hadith
- 2. Al-Suyūți, Jalāluddīn, (1974) Al-Itqān fi 'Ulūm al-Qur'ān (relevant portions) Cairo: Al-Haiathul Misriya lilkitab.
- 3. Shah Waliullāh, (1986) *Al-Fawz al-Kabīr fī Uṣūl al-tafsīr* Cairo: Dar-ul-sahwa.

- 1. Al-Zamakhshari, Abu al-Qāsim Maḥmūd b. 'Umar. (1985) Tafsīr al-Kashshāf 'an Ḥaqā'iq at-Tanzīl. Beirut Dar-ul-kitab Al-Arabi
- 2. Baydāwi, 'Abdullah b. 'Umar. (1996) Anwār al-Tanzīl wa Asrār al-ta'wīl known as: Tafsīr Baydāwi, Beirut: Dar Ehya-ulturas alarbi
- 3. Abū Muḥammad 'Abdu l-Ḥaq. Tafsīr Fatḥ al-Mannān known as: Tafsīr-e Ḥaqqāni.
- 4. Afghāni, Shamsu l-Haq. 'Ulūm al-Qur'ān.
- 5. Maḥmaṣāni, Ṣubḥī Ṣāliḥ.(2000) Mabāḥith fī 'Ulūm al-Qur'ān. Beirut: Dar-ul-elm li-almalaien.
- 6. Al-Dhahabi, Muḥammad Ḥussain (Dr). (2004) Al-Tafsīr wa 'l-Mufassirūn.Cairo: Dar-ul-hadith
- 7. 'Uthmāni, Muḥammad Taqi.(2008) 'Ulūm al-Qur'ān. Karachi: Dar-ul-ulom

- 8. Al-Zarkashi, Bad al-Dīn.(1963) Al-Burhān fī 'Ulūm al-Qur'ān. Beirut: Dar-ul-marifa
- 9. Sayyid Sa'īdullāh. Hifāzat-e Qur'ān-e Majīd.
- 10. Al- Qațțān, Mannā'.(2000) Mabāḥith fī 'Ulūm al-Qur'ān. Beirut: Al-marif

Paper-II

Hadīth and Usul al-Hadīth:

100

Marks

- (a) Uşūl al Hadīth.
- (b) The critical approach of the Orientalists towards Hadīth literature and the response of 'Ulamā'. The contribution of 'Ulamā' of the subcontinent in Hadīth literature.
- (c) History of Hadīth, compilation of Hadīth during the period of the prophet Muḥammad (ṣallallāhu 'alayhi wa sallam), ṣaḥābah and afterwards.
- (d) Study of the text of Kitāb al-'Ibādāt from al-Mu'ațțā of Imām Muḥammad b. Ḥasan al-Shaybāni.

Text Books:

- 1. Maḥmūd al-Ṭaḥḥān. (2004)*Taysīr Muṣṭalaḥ al-Ḥadīth*. Beirut: Al
- 2. Muḥammad b. Ḥasan al-Shaybāni. (2001) *Al-Mu'aṭṭā* (relevant portion, i.e. *Kitāb al-Tbādāt*). Beirut: Al-maktabat-ul-elmiya

- 1. Gīlāni, Manāzir Ahsan. (2005) *Tārīkh wa Tadwīn-e Ḥadīth*. Karachi: Eshaqia
- 2. Mustafā al-Sibā'ī.(2000) *Al-Sunnah wa makānatuhā fī al-Tashrī' al-Islāmī.* Beirut: Al-Maktab Al-Islami
- 3. Kandehlawi, Muḥammad Mālik. 'Ulūm al-Ḥadīth.
- 4. 'Asqalānī, Ibn Ḥajar. (2001) Sharḥ Nukhbat al-Fikr, Beirut: Dar-ul-fikr
- 5. Dr. Siraj ul Islam Hanif, *Ma'rifat e 'Ulūm- e Ḥadīth*. Abdul Hay Laknawi, *Al-Ta'līq al -Mumajjad 'alā Mu'aṭṭā Muḥammad*.

Paper-III

Al-Fiqh al-Isāmī (Islamic Jurisprudence): 100 Marks

- (a) Study of the following fiqhi mutūn (texts):
 - Al-Marghīnāī, Burhānuddīn. (2005) Al-Hidāyah: Kitāb al-Nikāḥ and Kitāb al-Ṭalāq. Beirut: Dar Ehya-ul-turas
 - Ibn Rushd, Abu'l Walīd Muḥammad b. Aḥmad b. Muḥammad. (2004) Bidāyat al-Mujtahid wa 'l-Nihāyat al-Muqtaşid. Kitāb al-Qaḍā'. Cairo: Dar-ul-hadith

(b) Study of the following modern legal issues:

Dhabīḥah by machine, transplantation of organs, blood transfusion, moon sighting, qiṣāṣ wa diyat, status of women's testimony in Islam, postmortem, family planning, surrogate mother, cloning, prize bonds, insurance, credit cards, stock market, mercy killing and legal status of casting vote.

Text Books:

- 1. Al-Marghīnāī, Burhān al-Dīn. (2005) Al-Hidāyah (relevant portions) Beirut: Dar Ehya-ul-turas
- 2. Ibn Rushd, Abu'l Walīd Muḥammad b. Aḥmad b. Muḥammad. (2004) *Bidāyat al-Mujtahid wa 'l-Nihāyat al-Muqtaṣid* (relevant portion). Cairo: Dar-ul-hadith
- 3. Rahmani, Khalid Saifullah, Jadīd Fiqhī Masā'il.

- 1. 'Ali Hasballāh. Usul al-Tashrī' al-Islāmī.
- 2. Abū Zahrah, Muḥammad. *Uṣūl al-Fiqh*. (2001) Al-maktabatul-elmiya: Beirut.
- 3. 'Uthmānī, Muḥammad Taqi. Islam awar Jadīd dawar ke Masā'il.
- 4. Gīlāni, Manāzir Ahsan. Tadwīn-e Fiqh. (1995) Karachi:
- 5. Khuḍarī, Muḥammad. *Tārīkh al-Tashrī' al-Islāmī*. (2005) Dar-ul-fikr, Beirut.
- 6. Nadvi, 'Abdussalām. Tārīkh-e Fiqh-e Islāmī.
- 7. Maḥmaṣāni, Ṣubḥī Ṣāliḥ. *Falsafat al-Tashrī' fī 'l-Islām*. (2001) Dar-ul-fikr, Beirut.

- 11. Mufti Muhammad Shafī', *Jadeed Fiqhee Masā'il.*(2008) Darul-ulom, Karachi.
- 8. Rif'at Qasimi, Jadeed Fiqhee Masā'il.
- 9. Fārūqī, Muhammad Yūsūf. Development of Usūl al-Fiqh.

Paper-IV

Sīrat al-Nabi (Ṣallallāhu 'Alayhi wa Sallam) and of the Rightly Guided

Caliphs/Fiqh al-Sīrah

100 Marks

1.	Life of the Prophet Muḥammad <i>(ṣallallāhu 'alayhi wa</i>				
	sallam):				
	His early days, the Prophetic call, the Prophet at Makkah,				
	Hijrah, the Prophet at Madīnah, Mīthāqi Madīnah, the				
	beginning of Islamic State, Jihād and the Holy wars of Badr,				
	Uhud, Ahzāb, Khyber, Fath Makkah and Tabūk, Salient				
	features of the noble character (Uswah Hasanah) of the Holy				
	Prophet.				
2.	<i>Khilāfati Rāshidah</i> and its salient features:				
	(a) Biography, character, policies and achievements of				
	Hazrat Abu Bakr (raḍiyallāhu 'anhu)				
	(b) Biography, character, policies and achievements of				
	Hazrat 'Umar (raḍiyallāhu 'anhu).				
	(c) Biography, character, policies and achievements of				
	Hazrat 'Uthmān (raḍiyallāhu 'anhu).				
	(d) Biography, character, policies and achievements of				
	Hazrat 'Ali (raḍiyallāhu 'anhum).				
	(e) Lessons learnt from these biographies, i.e. Fiqh al-Sīrah				
	xt Books:				
1.	Nadvi, Shah Mu'īnuddīn. <i>Tārīkh-e Islām</i>				
2.	Najīb Ābādi, Akbar Shah. Tārīkh-e Islām				
3.	Sa'īd Ramaḍān al-Būṭī. <i>Fiqh al-Sīrah, (2010) Dar-ul-Qalam</i> <				
	Damashk.				
4.	Maulana Abdur Rauf Khan Rahmani, <i>Ayyami Khilafat-e</i>				
	Rashidah				
Pa	commonded Poediness				

- 5. Shibli Nu'mānī. *Sīrat al-Nabi*.
- 6. Dr. Hamidullah. *Tārīkh e Islam*.

- 7. Muhammad al-Ghazali, Fiqh al-Sīrah.
- 8. Abdur Rahman Mubarakpuri. Al-Raḥīq al-Makhtūm.
- 9. Ahmad Amīn. Fajr al-Islām, Duha 'l-Islām and Zuhr al-Islām.
- 10. Shaykh Muḥammad Ikrām. *History of Islam, Ābi Kauthar, Rod-e Kauthar and Mawj-e Kauthar.*
- 11. Ibn Hishshām. Sīrat al-Nabi.
- 12. Al-'Umari, Akram Zia, Dr. al-Khulafā' al-Rāshidūn.
- 13. Al-'Umari, Akram Zia, Dr. al-Sīrah Al-Nabawiyyah Al-Ṣaḥīḥa.

14. Danapuri, Abdur Rauf, Asah al-Siyar.

Paper-V

Arabic Language and Grammar:

100 Marks

- 1. Grammar:
 - a. *Al-Sarf* (Morphology): Definition, *al-fi'l* (verb) and its kinds (regarding tenses), division of verb into sahih (strong) and mu'tal (weak), division of fi'l (verb) regarding tajarrud (1st stem of the verb) and ziyādah (derivative stems), awzān alrubā'i al-mujarrad (quadrilateral forms of the verb with 1st stem) and its mulhaqāt (adjuncts), awzān al-thulāthi al-mazīd (trilateral form of a verb with derivatives), awzān al-rubā'i al-mazīd (quadrilateral forms of a verb with derivatives) and its mulhaqāt (adjuncts), division of fi'l Regarding ta'addi and luzūm (division of verbs as transitive and intransitive), division of *fi'l* regarding its *binā'* for the subject or the object (active and passive, hukm al-af'āl 'inda isnādihā ilā 'l-damā'ir (state of the verbs when they refer to pronouns), masādir althulāthī (roots / sources of trilateral verbs), masādir ghavr al-thulāthī (roots/sources of non-trilateral verbs), kavfiyvat tathniyah al-ism (nature of the dual forms of a noun, kayfiyyatu jam' aI ism= Jam' Mudhakkar Sālim (nature of sound plural of noun in masculine gender), kayfiyyatu jam' aI ism= Jam' Mu'annath Sālim (nature of sound plural of noun in feminine gender), jam' al-taksīr (broken plural), al-

taṣghīr (formation of diminutive of a noun), *al-i'lāl* (to find out the defective words / week letters), *al-ibdāl* (appositional substitution), *al-Idghām* (to contract one letter into another), *al-imālah* (pronounciation of a shaded with *e*), categories of irregular verbs, *khāwāṣ al-abwāb*.

- b.Al-Nahw (Syntax): Definition, Characteristics of Arabic noun (ism) and verb (fi'l), al-mu'rab wa 'l-mabni (noun with declinable ending and noun with indeclinable ending), kinds of I'rāb (vowels signs), al-asmā' al-sittah (the six nouns), i'rāb alaf'āl al-khamsah (vowels signs for the five verbs, binā' al hurūf (indeclinable state of the letters), al-nakirah wa 'l-ma'rifah (common nouns and proper nouns), kana and its sisters, almushabbihah bi-Laysa, af'āl al-Muqārabah, inna and its sisters, lā nāfiyah lil-jins (negative lā for class/category), zanna and its sisters, al-fā'il (agent/doer/subject), nā'ib al-fā'il (subject of a passive verb), al-mubtada' (subject of a sentence), ta'adīl Fi'l wa Luzūmuhu (transitive and intransitive verbs): al fi'l al-Lāzim (Intransitive verb), taqdīm al-fā'il (Putting the subject before the object), Jawazu hadhfil fi'l (Omission of the Verb), taqdīm al-fā'il (Putting the subject before the object), Jawāzu hadhfil fi'l (Omission of the verb), al-maf'ūl al-mutlaq (Cognate object), almaf'ūl lahū (Adverb of Cause / Reason), al-Maf'ūl fīhi (Adverb of Time or Place),), al-maf'ūl ma'ahū (Object coming simultaneously with the Subject),), al-maf'ūl Bihī, al-istisnā' (Exception / Exclusion), *al-hāl* (Circumstantial Phrase; Expression), al-tamyīz (Specification / Distinguishing), hurūf Al-Jarr (Prepositions), al-idafah (Genitive Construction), a'mal al-masdar (Governance of Verbs), abnivah al-masādir (Constructive Structures of Verbs), al-sifat al-mushabbah bil fi'l 'alāmātuhā (Adjectives Resembling Verbs / Verbal wa Adjectives and their Signs), af'al al- tafdīl (Adjective in the Superlative Degree), ni'ma (Indeclinable noun with article and normative ending meaning 'what a perfect; what a wonderful; truly etc.') and bi'sa (Indeclinable noun with article and normative ending meaning 'What a miserable; evil; distress') wa mā Jarra majrāhumā (and Whatever act in the same manner), alta'jjub (Surprise-Exclamation-), al-na'at (Attribute / Epithet), altawkīd (Emphasis), 'atf al-nasq (Sequential Conjunction), 'atf albavān (Explicative Conjunction), al-badal (Apposition), al-nidā (Vocative / Exclamation).
- 2. Prose:

Study of al-'Arabiyyatu Bayna Yadayka (Volume 1).

Text Books:

1. Amratsari, 'Abd al-Rahmān. Kitāb al-Sarf.

2. Amratsari, 'Abd al-Rahmān. Kitāb al-Nahw.

3. A group of scholars from Saudi Arabia. *Al-'Arabiyyatu Bayna Yadayka* (Volume 1).

Recommended Readings:

1. A group of scholars from Saudi Arabia. *Al-'Arabiyyatu Bayna Yadayka* (Volumes 2 and 3).

2. 'Ali al-Jārim and Mustfā Amīn. Al-Nahw al-Wādih li l-Madāris al-Ibtidā'iyyah (3 parts).

3. Muhammad Hasan. al-'Alāmāt al-Naḥwiyyah and al-Ṣarf al-'Azīz.

MA Islamiyat (Final)

Paper-VI

Al-Qur'ān (Translation of the 2nd Half and Tafsīr of Sūrah al-Nūr and Sūrah al-

Aḥzāb	100 Marks
1.	Translation of the 2^{nd} half of the Holy Qur'an (Sūrah 10 to 114)
2.	19 to 114). Tafsīr of Sūrah al-Nūr in light of <i>Ma'ārif al-Qur'ān</i> of
	Mufti Muḥammad Shafī'. Books:
1. Ni	Mufti Muhammad Shafi'. <i>Ma'ārif al Qur'ān</i> (Sūrah al- īr)
	Amin Ahsan Islahi. <i>Tadabbur- e Qur'ān</i> (Sūrah al- nzāb)
	nmended Readings:
1.	Maulana Ghulamullah Khan, <i>Jawāhir al-Qur'ān</i>
2.	Maulana Abdul Haq, <i>Tafsīr-e Ḥaqqānī</i>

Paper-VII

Usul al-Fiqh (Principles of Islamic Jurisprudence)

100 Marks

 1.Definition/Etymology.
 2.Primary sources (i.e. Qur'ān, Sunnah, Ijmā' and Qiyās).
 3.Secondary Sources (i.e. Istiḥsān, Maṣāliḥ Mursalah, 'Urf, 'Aql, Sadd al-Dharā'I', Shar' man qablanā etc.)
 4.Principles.
 5.The Schools of Thought.
 6.Famous Muslim Jurists.
 Text Books:

 Zaydan, Abdul Karim, *al-Wajīz fī Uṣūl al-Fiqh*.
 Khuḍri Bak, Muḥammad (Dr). *Tārīkh al-Tashrī' al-Islāmi*.

 Recommended Readings:

 Al-Zuḥayli, Wahbah (Dr). Al-Wajīz fī Uṣūl al-Fiqh.

- 2. Al-Mahallāwi, 'Abdurrahmān. Tahsīl al-Wusūl fī 'Ilm al-Usūl.
- 3. Abū Zahrah, Muhammad. Usul al-Fiqh.
- 3. Qāḍi, Sa'īdu llāh (Dr) (Edited). *Uṣūl al-Jaṣṣāṣ* (Introductory Chapter).
- 4. Habīb al-Rahmān. Usūl al-Fiqh.
- 6. Amīni, Muḥammad Taqi. *Fiqh-e Islāmi kā Tārīkhi* Pasmanzar.
 - 7. Sajidur Rahman, Dr. Usul al-Fiqh.
 - 8. Farooq Hassan, Dr. Fun-e Usool-e- Fiqh ki Tareekh.
 - 9. Mahmasānī, Subhī Rajab, Falsafat al-Tashrī' fil Islām.

Paper-VIII

Comparative Study of Judaism, Christianity and Islam: 100 Marks

1. General:

Nature, scope and growth of Religion, Religion as a natural necessity, Revelation, Miracles and Metaphysics of Religion, introduction to living religions, interfaith discipline.

2. Judaism:

Early development of Hebrews religion, Moses, his early life and achievements, Covenant with Yahweh, the Torah, the Talmud, the Prophetic reforms, the Kingdom of Judah, the emergence of Judaism, the messianic expectation, Judaism in medieval and modern world, the Zionism.

3. Christianity:

Jesus: his life and teachings, saint Paul and the spread of Christianity. The Church, the Mission, the incarnation, the Trinity, Medieval Christianity, the Protestant reformation, Christianity in the modern world.

4. Islam:

Arabs; beliefs and practices before the Prophet Muhammad (SAWM), his life and teachings, Qur'ān and Sunnah, the five pillars of Islam, the spread of Islam, Islam in modern world.

- 5. Comparative study of the following themes in the above mentioned religions:
 - 1. Concept of God.

- 2. The Scriptures.
- 3. Practices of worship.
- 4. Social order.
- 5. Morality.
- 6. Concept of salvation.

6. Study of the following Systems of Islam:

- 1. Family System.
- 2. Educational System.
- 3. Political System.
- 4. Ethical System.
- 5. Judicial System.
- 6. Economic System (Comparative study of Islam with Capitalism and Communism).

7. Post Islamic Religions:

Bahā'iyyat, Dhikri madhhab, Qādyāniyyat/Aḥmadiyyat: their early history, their founders, beliefs, holy Books, rituals and present position.

Recommended Readings:

- 1. Shalabi, Ahmad. Muqāranat al-Adyān.
- 2. Kīranwi, Raḥmatullah. Izhār al-Ḥaq (Urdu translation).
- 3. Moore, G.F. History of Religions.
- 4. Ibn Hazm, Abū Muḥammad 'Alī *b.* Aḥmad *b.* Sa'īd. *Al-Faṣl fi l-Milal wa l-Ahwā'i wa l-Niḥal.*
- 5. Al-Shahristāni, Abul-Fatḥ Muḥammad b. 'Abd al-Karīm. Al-Milal wa l-Niḥal.
- 6. Sir J.N.D Anderson. Christianity and World Religions.
- 7. 'Abdur Rashid. Adyān wa Madhāhib kā Taqābuli Muṭāla'ah.
- 8. *Encyclopedia of Religions and Ethics* (New Edition) (relevant portions).
- 9. Encyclopedia Britannica (relevant portions).
- 10. Encyclopedia of Islam (relevant portions).
- 11. Mawsū'ah Muqāranat al-Adyān al-Samāwiyyah.
- 12. Urdu Dā'irah Ma'ārif-e Islāmiyyah (relevant portions).
- 13. The Jewish Universal Encyclopedia (relevant portions).
- 14. Nadvi, Sulaymān. Sīrat al-Nabi.
- 15. Qāḍi, Mujīb al-Raḥmān (Dr). *Madhāhib-e 'Ālam Kā Taqābuli Muṭāla'ah*.
- 16. Şiddīqi, Mazhar al-Dīn. Islām awar Madhāhib-e 'Ālam.

17. Mawsū'at al-Adyān fī al-'Ālam.

Paper-IX

(Note): This paper has two options. The candidate will choose among the subjects of (a) al-Kalām & Philosophy or (b) Contemporary Muslim World

(a) Al-Kalām and Philosophy 100 Marks 1. Al-Kalām: (a) Introduction, origin and development. Major Kalām schools: Ash'ari, Imāmi, Māturīdi, Murji'ah, (b) Kharijites, Mu'tazili. Modern Period: Jamal-Din al-Afghani, Muhammad 'Abduh, (c) Muhammad Iqbal. Eminent mutakallimūn: Wāşil b. 'Atā', 'Amr b. 'Ubayd, al-(d) Nizām, Zamakhshari, Abū 'Ali al-Jubā'i, al-Ash'ari, Ghazali, Bāqillāni, al-Rāzi, Ibn Taymiyyah, Ibn Qayyim, Shah Waliullah. (e) Major issues in *Kalām*. Rational affirmation of the principles hood, and injunctions of *Dīn-e* Tawhīd prophet predestination and free-will, life after death. 2. Philosophy: The meaning, scope and object of philosophy, impact of (a) philosophy on society. Philosophy and religion, philosophy and science, philosophy (b) Ilm al-Kalām, philosophy and ethics, theory of and knowledge. (c) A survey of Muslim contribution to philosophy origin and development: al-Kindi, al-Fārābi, Ibn Sīnā, al-Ghazāli, Ibn Tufayl, Ibn Rushd, and Ibn al-'Arabi. Major problems of philosophy and Islam: Concept of God (d) Mind, knowledge, reason and revelation, good and evil, predestination and free-will, resurrection and immortality. A critical study of the contemporary Islamic philosophy: the (e) works of Fazlur Rahman, Muhammad Hamidullah, Syed Zafar ul Hasan, Ismail al-Faruqi, Hossein Nasr. **Text Books:** 1. Shibli Nu'māni. Al-Kalām awar 'Ilm al-Kalām. 2. Dehlavi, 'Abdu l-Haq. 'Aqā'id-e Islām. 3. Shah Waliullah, Hujjatullāh al-Bālighah (Chapters 3-6 only).

- 4. Al-Afghani, Jamal-al-Din, al-Radd 'ala 'l-Dahriyyīn.
- 5. Muhammad 'Abduh, *Risālat al-Tawhīd*.

Recommended Readings:

- 1. Sharif, M.M. History of Muslim Philosophy.
- 2. Ibn Sīnā. Al-Falsafah al-Sharqiyyah.
- 3. V. Ferm. A History of Philosophical System.
- 4. al-Ash'ari, Abu l' l-Hasan. Maqālāt al-Islāmiyyīn.
- 5. Al-Ghazāli. Maqsid al-Falāsifah.
- 6. Al-Ghazāli. *Tahāfat al-Falāsifah*.
- 7. Encyclopedia of Islam (relevant portions).
- 8. Nadvi, Abdussalām. Hukamā' Islām.
- 9. Hāshimi, M. Ţufayl (Dr). Musalmāno Ke Sā'insi Kārnāme.

OR

(b) Contemporary Muslim World

100

Marks

(a)	Brief history and geography, resources, religious, political, economic and social conditions, legal systems and reforms in the following countries: Afghanistan, Algeria, Azerbaijan, Egypt, Indonesia, Iran, Iraq, Kirghizstan, Libya, Malaysia, Pakistan, Saudi Arabia, Sudan, Syria and Turkey.
(b)	Muslim minorities in non-Muslim world: a brief survey.
(c)	Islamic Organizations: Munazzamat al-Ta'āwun al-Islāmi or
()	munazzamat al-Mu'tamar al-Islāmi "Organization of Islamic
	Cooperation" (OIC), Munazzamat al-Ta'āwun al-Iqtiṣādi
	"The Economic Cooperation Organization" (ECO), Majlis
	al-Ta'āwun al-Khalīji "Gulf Cooperation Council" (GCC),
	Rābițah al-'Ālam al-Islāmi (Muslim World League), al-
	Munazzamah al-Islāmiyyah li l-Tarbiyah wa l-'Ulūm wa l-
	Thaqāfah "Islamic Educational, Scientific and Cultural
	Organization (ISESCO), Islamic societies and organizations
	in Europe, America and other countries.
(4)	•
(d)	Muslim Ummah: Stability and unity among Muslim countries: Common market, common bank, economic
	cooperation, military cooperation, scientific and technical
	cooperation, research organizations, common media,
	common educational institutions, Islamic secretariat,
	international Islamic Court and other efforts for the
	solidarity of <i>ummah</i> .
ecommen	ded Readings:

1. Allam Iqbal Open University, Jadeed Dunya	ae Islam.
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- 2. Nadvi, Abu 'l-Hasan 'Ali. Tahdhīb-e 'Ālam par Musalmāno Ke 'Urūj wa Zawāl Ke Atharāt.
- 3. Brohi, A.K. Islam and the Modern World.
- 4. Nazir Ahmad, Chaudri. Common Wealth of Muslim States.
- 5. Al-Ahsan, 'Abdullāh. The OIC (Organization of Islamic Conference).
- 6. Al-Fārūqi, Ismā'īl Rāji. Cultural Atlas of Islam.
- 7. Nadvi, Abu 'l-Hasan 'Ali. *Muslim Dunyā Mein Islām Awar Maghribiyyat Kī Kashmakash*.
- 8. Nadvi, Abu 'l-Hasan 'Ali. Muslim World Today.
- 9. IRI, Islamabad. An Encyclopedia of Muslim World.
- 10. Relevant Websites and digital libraries.

Paper-X

Economic System of Islam: A Comparison with Modern Economic

Thoughts

100 Marks

1. Modern Economic System:
a. Capitalism
b. Socialism and Communism
c. Islamic Economic System
2. Some Characteristics of Islamic Economic System:
a. Justice
b. Goodness
c. Brotherhood
d. Cooperation
e. Equality
f. <i>Halāl</i> and <i>Harām</i>
g. Dignity of labour
3. A Brief Study of Muslim Economist:
a. Abū Yūsuf
b. Abū 'Ubayd Qāsim b. Sallām
c. Ibn Hazm

- d. Ibn Khaldūn
- e. Shah Waliullah
- 4. Land:
 - a. Private Ownerships and its Limitations
 - b. Areas of Public Ownership
 - c. Systems of Land Tenure
 - d. Ihyā' al-Mawwāt

5. Labour:

- *a.* Importance of Labour
- **b.** A Brief Theory of labour and Population Economics, Malthus Theory of Labour Supply, Labour Law

6. Capital:

- a. Definition
- b. Kinds
- c. Importance of Productive Process
- d. Capital Formation
- e. Appropriation of Capital by individuals
- f. Capitalism
- g. Interest
- h. Iktināz

7. Organization:

- a. Coordination between Land, Labour and Capital
- b. Various forms of Business organizations, their advantages and disadvantages
- c. Sharākat
- d. Muḍārabat
- e. Madārāt
- f. Musāqāt
- g. Monopolies
- h. Speculation
- 8. Economic Welfare:
 - a. Economic Welfare as responsibility of State, *Bayt al-Māl*
 - b. Zakāt
 - c. Ṣadaqāt
 - d. 'Ushr
 - e. Inheritance
 - f. Modern concept of *'infāq* in Islam, *al-'afw*
- 9. Important Economic Problems:

a. Interest

b. Banking

c. Insurance

d. Joint Stock Market

e. International Trade

f. International Financial Organization

g. Unemployment

h. Co-operation among the Muslim World

10. Public Finance:

- a. Economic responsibilities of the State
- b. Economic Planning
- c. Principles of Taxation
- d. Principles of Expenditure

Text Books:

- 1. Gilāni, Manāzir Ahsan. Ma'āshiyāti Islāmī.
- 2. Al-Sajāwandi, al-Hanafi, Sirāj al-Dīn. Al-Sirājī fi 'l-Mīrāth.

Recommended Readings:

- 1. Abū Yūsuf, Imām. Kitāb al-Kharāj.
- 2. Abū 'Unayd al-Qāsim b. Sallām. Kitāb al-Amwāl.
- 3. Shah Waliullah. Hujjatullāh al-Bālighah.
- 4. Sewhārvi, Hifzurrahmān. Islām kā Iqtisādi Nizām.
- 5. Mawdūdi, Abu 'l-A'lā. Islām Awar Jadī Ma'āshi Nazariyyāt.
- 6. Mawdūdi, Abu 'l-A'lā. Ma'āshiyāti Islām.
- 7. Mannan, MA. Islamic Economics.
- 8. Ahmad, SM. Economics of Islam.
- 9. Qureshi, Anwar Iqbal. Economic Order of Islam.
- 10. Şiddīqi, Najātullah. Bilā Sūd Bankāri.
- 11. Afdal al-Rahmān. Economic Doctrines of Islam.

12. 'Umar Chaprha (Dr). Islam and Modern Economics

Paper-XI

Research Methods in Islamic Studies 100 Marks (optional)

OR

Viva-Voce:

100 Marks

- (a) Research Methodology (Twenty Lectures)
- (b) Research Thesis

Guidelines for Requirements, Features and Format of Research Thesis for Regular Students:

General: Exploration of research materials in Islamic Studies, including intellectual output of Islamic civilization, compositions, Arabic taxonomy, Arabic script and transliteration systems, published and unpublished materials (theses, manuscripts, books printed by lithography, facsimile editions, monographic, serial, e-publishing), websites, databases; major reference books (bibliographies, encyclopedias, handbooks, online/published catalogues, language/biographical dictionaries).

Language of the Thesis:Arabic, English, Pashto or Urdu.Word Limit:10,000 to 20,000 words (40 to 80 pages)including thesis body and endnotes.

Paper Size: A4

Features:	Abstract, Introd	uction, Hypo	othesis, l	Literature
	Review, Method	lology: (libra	ry resear	rch, data
	collection etc.), Conclusion: (results, researc			
	discussion, r	ecommendatio	ns), l	Endnotes,
	Bibliography,	References,	Works	Cited,
	Appendices of the research paper.			
Format:	As per the University of Peshawar format.			

Text Book:

- 1. Dr. Siraj ul Islam Hanif. 'Uṣūl e Baḥth wa Taḥqīq e 'Ulūm e Shar'iyyah.
- 2. 'Abbāsi, 'Abdul Hamīd Khan. Usuli Tahqīq.